

$$i = \frac{dq}{dt}$$

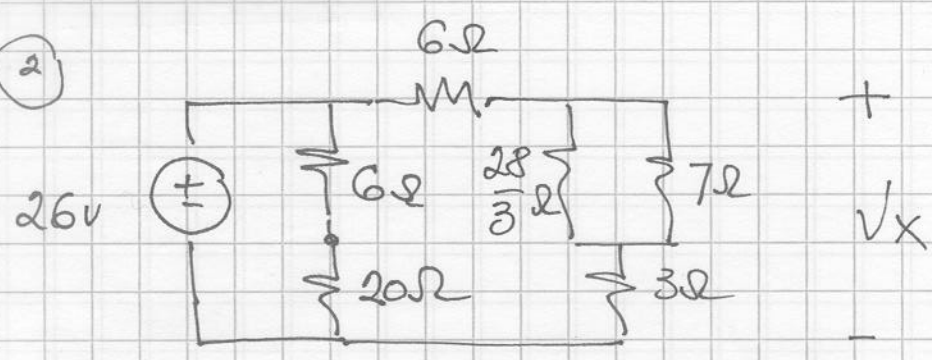
$$b) \quad i = -2e^{-2t} \quad t \geq 0 \quad ; \quad u(t) = \frac{P(t)}{i(t)} \quad ; \quad u(t) = \frac{-P_0}{2} e^{2t} \quad t \geq 0$$

$$a) \quad w(t) = \int_{-\infty}^t P_0 \cdot dx \quad ; \quad v(t) = P_0 \cdot t \quad t \geq 0$$

$$c) \quad p = v \cdot i$$

$$\frac{dw(t)}{dt} = v \cdot \frac{dq}{dt} \quad ; \quad v(t) = \frac{dw(t)}{dq(t)}$$

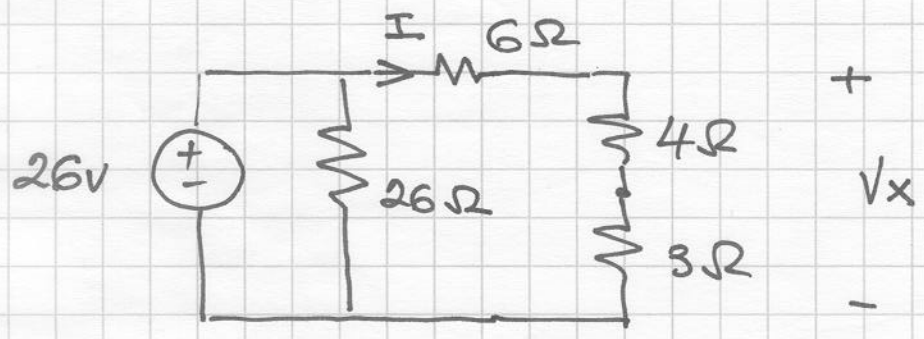
2



By equivalence:



$$\frac{\frac{28}{3} \times 7}{\frac{28}{3} + 7} = \frac{28 \times 7}{49} = 4$$

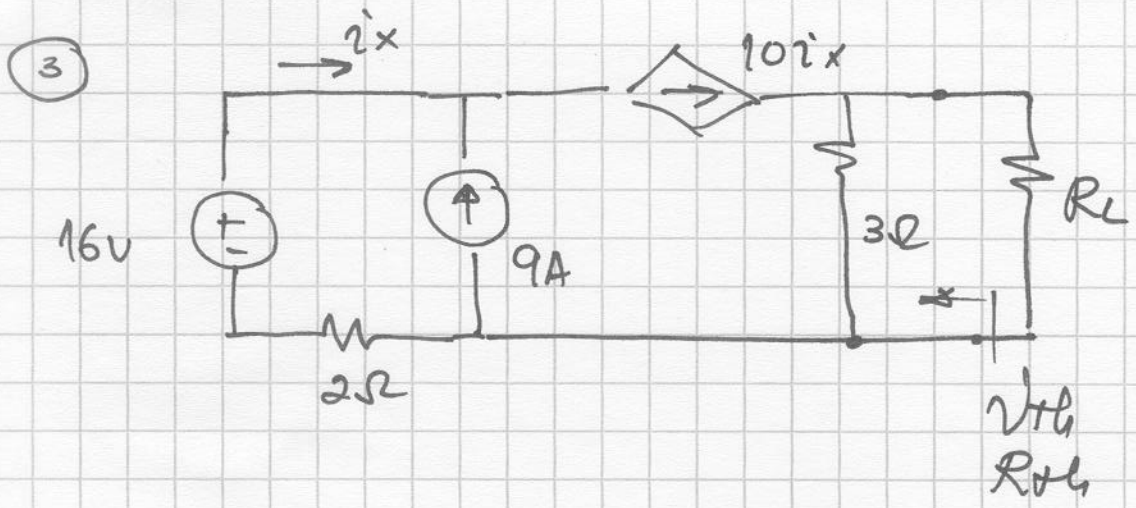


$$I = \frac{26}{6 + 4 + 3}$$

$$I = 2A$$

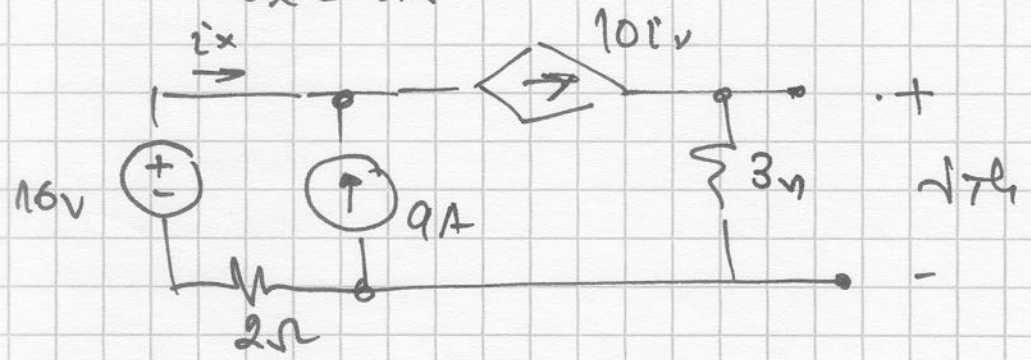
$$V_x = 7 \times 2$$

$$V_x = 14V$$



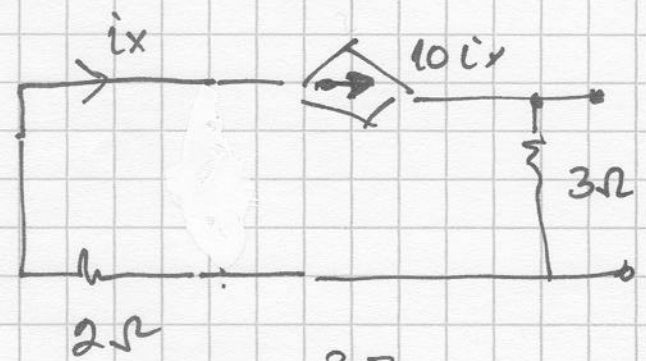
$$10i_x = 9 + i_x$$

$$i_x = 1A$$



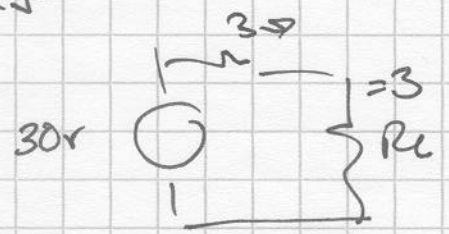
$$V_{th} = 10 \cdot i_x \cdot 3$$

$$V_{th} = 30V$$



$$i_x = 0$$

$$R_{th} = 3\Omega$$



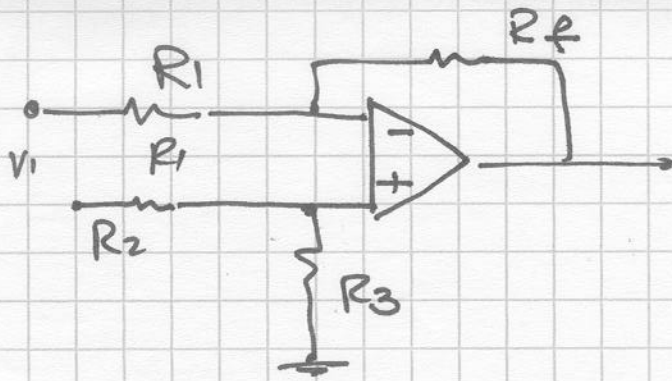
$$R_L = 3\Omega$$

$$I = \frac{30}{6} = 5A$$

$$V = 15V$$

$$P = 75W$$

(4)



(4)

$$V_+ = \frac{R_3}{R_2 + R_3} \cdot V_2$$

$$V_- = V_+$$

$$I_1 = \frac{V_1 - V_-}{R_1}$$

$$I_1 = \frac{1}{R_1} \cdot \left( V_1 - \frac{R_3}{R_2 + R_3} \cdot V_2 \right)$$

$$V_{out} = -R_f \cdot I_1 + V_-$$

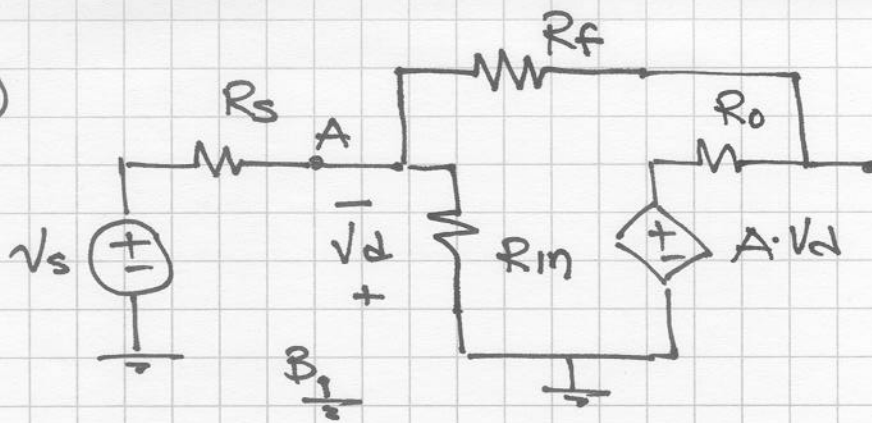
$$V_{out} = -\frac{R_f}{R_1} \cdot \left( V_1 - \frac{R_3}{R_2 + R_3} \cdot V_2 \right) + V_+$$

$$V_{out} = -\frac{R_f}{R_1} \cdot V_1 + \left( \frac{R_f}{R_1} + 1 \right) \frac{R_3}{R_2 + R_3} \cdot V_2$$

Also:  $V_{out} < V_{sat}$

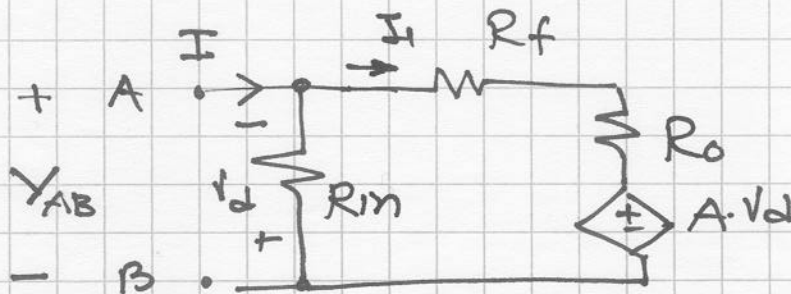
$$\left| -\frac{R_f}{R_1} \cdot V_1 + \left( \frac{R_f}{R_1} + 1 \right) \cdot \frac{R_3}{R_2 + R_3} \cdot V_2 \right| < V_{sat}$$

(5)



(5)

Thévenin's equivalent :



$$R_{th} = ?$$

$$R_{th} = \frac{V_{AB}}{I}$$

$$I = \frac{V_{AB}}{R_{in}} + I_1$$

$$V_{AB} - R_f \cdot I_1 - R_o \cdot I_1 - A \cdot V_d = 0$$

$$V_d = -V_{AB}$$

$$(1+A)V_{AB} = (R_o + R_f)I_1$$

$$I_1 = \frac{(1+A)}{R_o + R_f} \cdot V_{AB}$$

$$\text{Hence: } I = \frac{V_{AB}}{R_{in}} + \frac{(1+A)}{R_o + R_f} \cdot V_{AB}$$

(6)

$$R_{Th} = \frac{Y_{AB}}{I}$$

$$R_{Th} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{R_{in}} + \frac{1+A}{R_o+R_f}}$$

$$R_{Th} = \frac{R_o + R_f}{1+A + \frac{R_o+R_f}{R_{in}}}$$

$V_{Th} = 0$  (no independent sources)  
Right of AB

If opamp is ideal:

$$R_o \rightarrow 0$$

$$R_{in} \rightarrow \infty$$

$$A \rightarrow \infty$$

$R_{Th} \rightarrow 0$  Hence, the circuit behaves as a virtual short circuit.