SIMON FRASER UNIVERSITY SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING SCIENCE

Summer 2011 ENSC 320: ELECTRIC CIRCUITS II

Midterm Examination Tuesday, July 12, 2011

Duration: 110 minutes. Attempt all four problems. Questions are not equally weighted. Closed book and closed notes. Calculators, PDAs, laptops, and wireless phones are not permitted. Use a ball-point pen for writing the exam (no pencils, please).

1. Second-Order Linear Circuits (30 points)

In the circuits shown in Figure 1, the voltage-controlled voltage source has a gain A > 0.

- Write the state equations.
- Find the range of A for the circuit to be stable.
- For the stable case, find the ranges of A for the circuit to be: (a) overdamped, (b) underdamped, (c) critically damped, and (d) undamped.
- For the critically damped case, find the response $v_{out}(t)$.

2. Laplace Transform: Basics (20 points)

- Find Laplace transform of the signal sketched in Figure 2.
- Find the inverse Laplace transform of the following function of s:

$$F(s) = \frac{4s^2 + 7s + 1}{s(s+1)^2}$$

(Use simplifications and the transform properties to simplify calculations.)

• Apply the initial-value and final-value theorems to the transform pair.

3. Laplace Transform Analysis: Circuit Applications (25 points)

For the ideal op amp circuit shown in Figure 3:

- Find the transfer function in terms of R_1 , R_2 , and C.
- If it is desired to obtain

$$H(s) = \frac{s+4}{s+2}$$

with $C = 1 \ \mu F$, then find R_1 and R_2 .

• Find the circuit's step response.

4. Laplace Transform Analysis: Transfer Function Applications (25 points)

A linear circuits with a transfer function

$$H(s) = \frac{V_{out}}{V_{in}} = \frac{2s+4}{s^2+5s+6}$$

has an input $v_{in} = 4\cos(2t + \pi/4)$.

- Find zeros and poles of the transfer function.
- Compute the magnitude and phase of the output of the circuit in the steady state.

Figure 1.



Figure 2.





