

ENSC 835: OPNET Tutorial

Modupe Omueti and Renju Narayanan

Communication Networks Laboratory

<http://www.ensc.sfu.ca/research/cnl>

School of Engineering Science

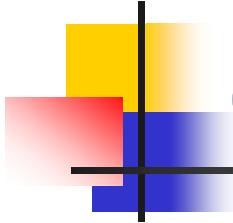
Simon Fraser University





Roadmap

- OPNET Modeler
- Settings
- Creating projects
- Creating links
- Node models
- Packet format
- ICI format
- Process model
- Kernel procedures
- Compiling and debugging
- Collecting results



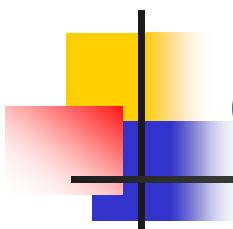
OPNET modeler

- Editors:
 - Project Editor
 - Node Editor
 - Process Editor
 - Link Editor
 - Packet Editor



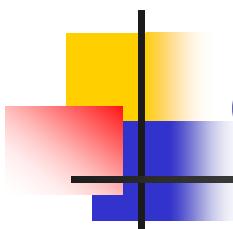
Settings

- Model directories
- Edit-> Preferences:
 - bind_shobj_prog: bind_so_gcc
 - bind_static_prog: bind_gcc
 - comp_prog: comp_gcc
 - repositories: ()



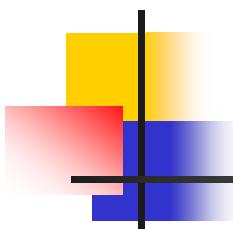
Creating projects

- Network models: scenarios
- Choosing the size of the network
 - world
 - campus
 - office
 - logical
- Nodes in the network
- Creating object palette
- Trajectories
- Managing scenarios



Creating links

- Links
 - create links using link editor
 - example: gprs_llc_link
- Type of link:
 - point-to-point:
 - simplex – ptsimp
 - duplex- ptdup
 - bus
- Packet formats supported
- Transmission delay model (txdel):
 - point-to-point link: dpt_txdel
 - bus: dbu_txdel
- Propagation model
- Error model

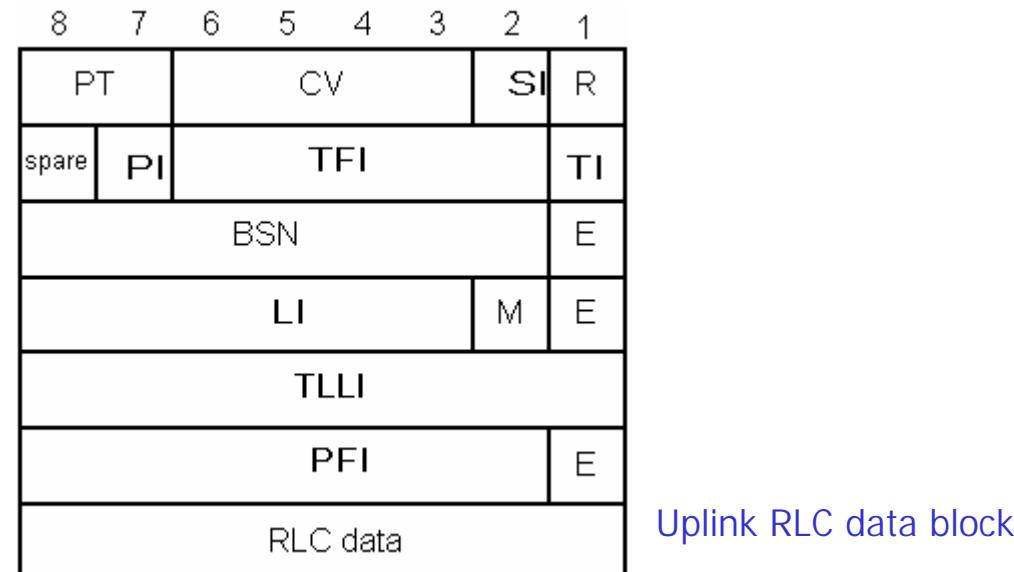


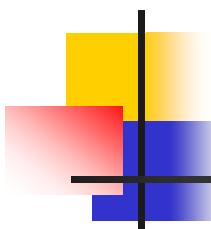
Node models

- Create your own: e.g., GPRS
- Modify an existing model: e.g., MTCP
- Various modules:
 - processors
 - queues: active, passive
 - first-in-first-out
 - priority
 - last-in-first-out
 - transmitters, receivers, antenna
 - packet stream
 - statistic wires

Packet format

- Packet editor
- KP: op_pk_create_fmt()
- Fields: length could be zero
- Set and unset fields inside code





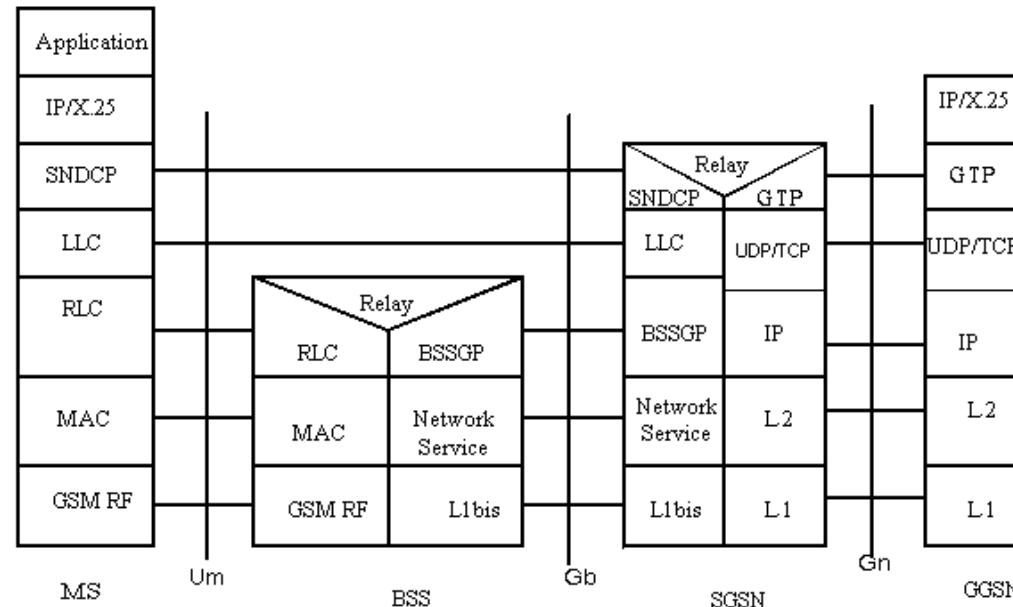
Process model

- States
- Forced and unforced states
- Transitions
- Enter and exit executives
- State variables
- Temporary variables
- Header block
- Function block
- Include files (.h)

General Packet Radio Service (GPRS)

- Packet switched service
- GPRS uses a combination of Time Division Multiple Access (TDMA) and Frequency Division Multiple Access (FDMA) schemes
- Direction of data transfer:
 - Mobile Station (MS) to Base Station Subsystem (BSS): uplink
 - BSS to MS: downlink

GPRS: transmission plane



SNDCP: Sub Network Dependent Convergence Protocol

LLC: Logical Link Control layer

RLC: Radio Link Control

MAC: Medium Access Control

BSSGP: Base Station Subsystem GPRS Protocol

GTP: GPRS Tunneling Protocol

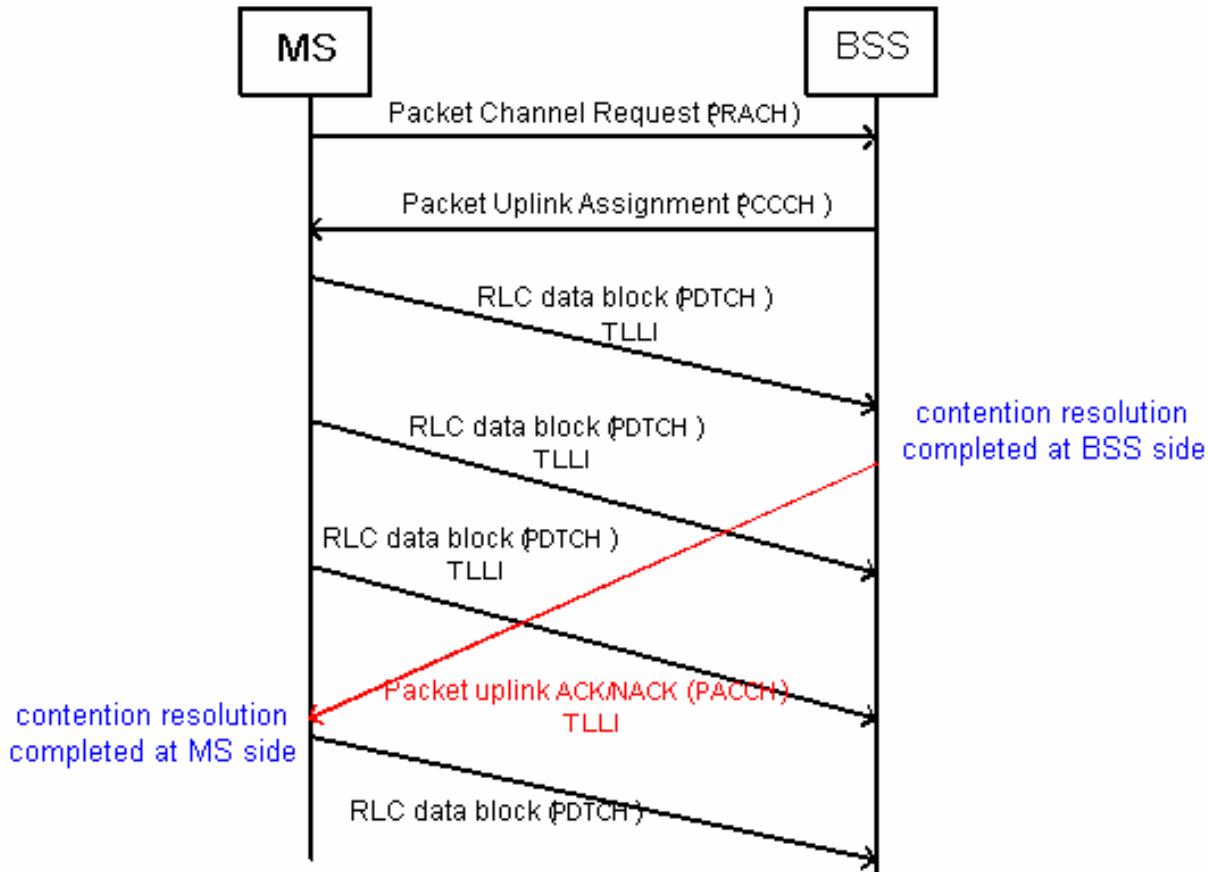
GPRS: RLC/MAC layer

- Radio Link Control layer:
 - segments and reassembles LLC PDUs into RLC/MAC blocks
 - acknowledged operation
 - unacknowledged operation
- Medium Access Control layer:
 - controls the allocation of channels and timeslots
 - multiplexes data and control signals
 - provides contention resolution

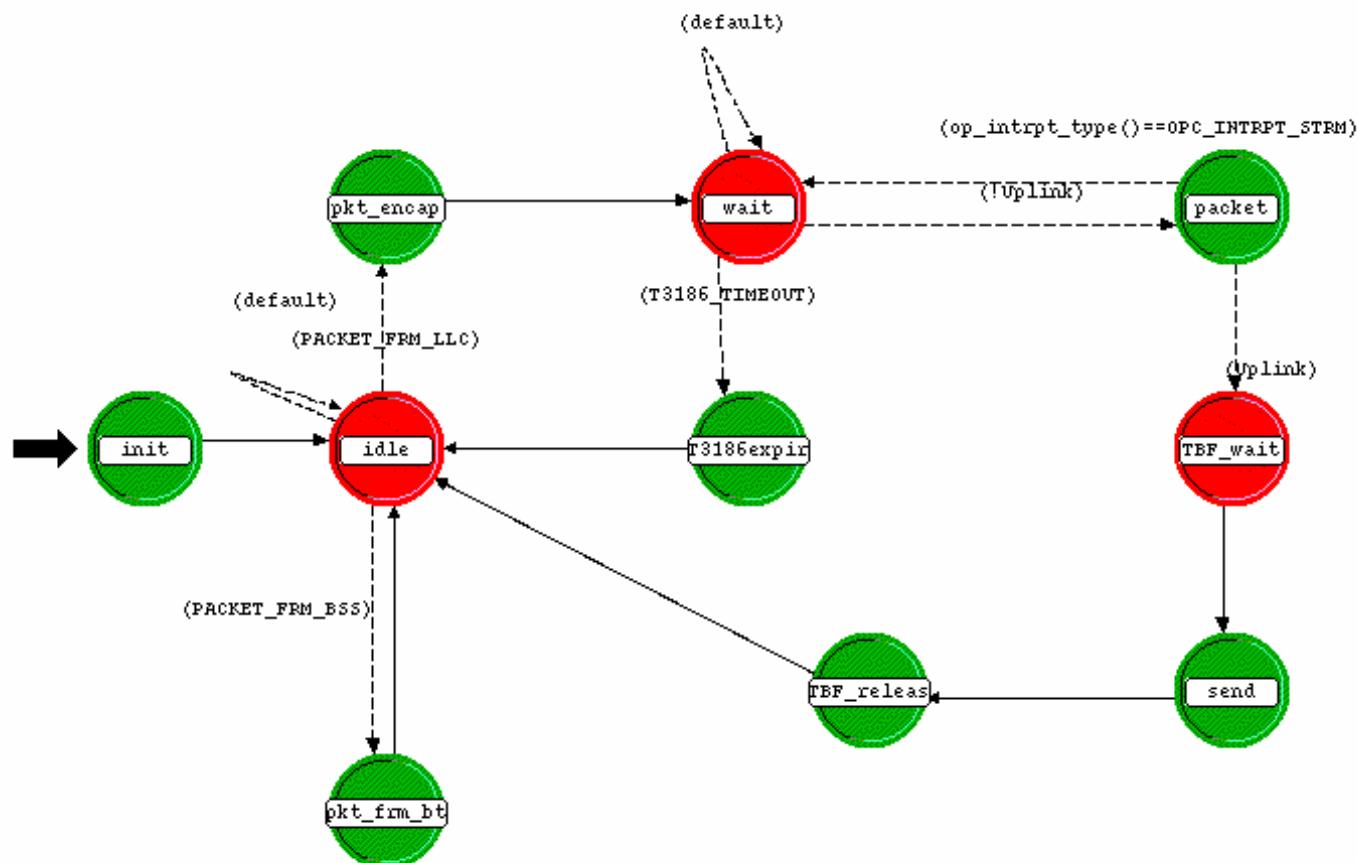
RLC/MAC parameters

- Temporary Block Flow (TBF): physical connection used by two radio resource entities to support unidirectional data transfer on physical channels
 - downlink and uplink TBF
 - temporary
 - maintained for the duration of data transfer only
- Network assigns a Temporary Flow Identity (TFI) to each TBF
 - TFI is unique among TBFs in the same direction

One phase access and contention resolution



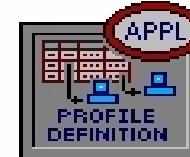
Process model: RLC/MAC (MS)



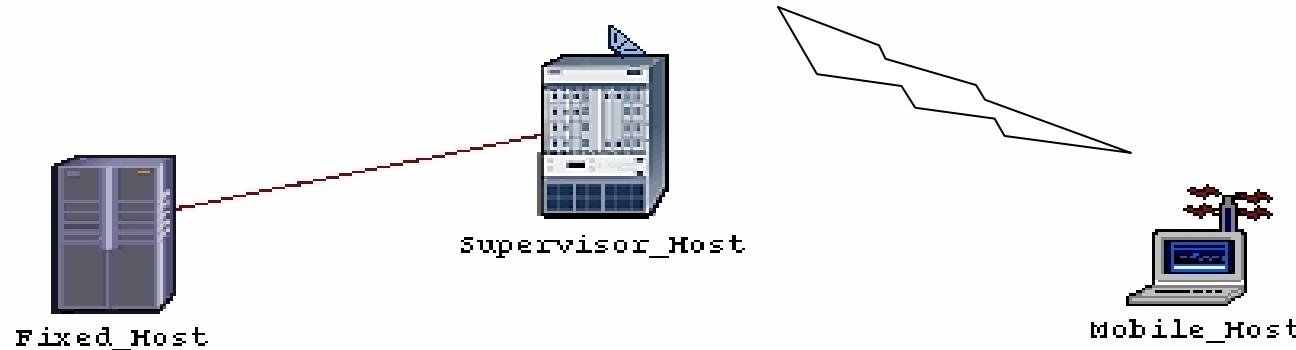
M-TCP



Application_Configuration



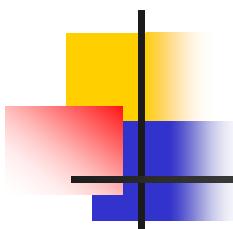
Profile_Configuration





M-TCP design considerations

- Dynamic change of bandwidth in cells
- Frequent periods of disconnection
- Scarce power resources



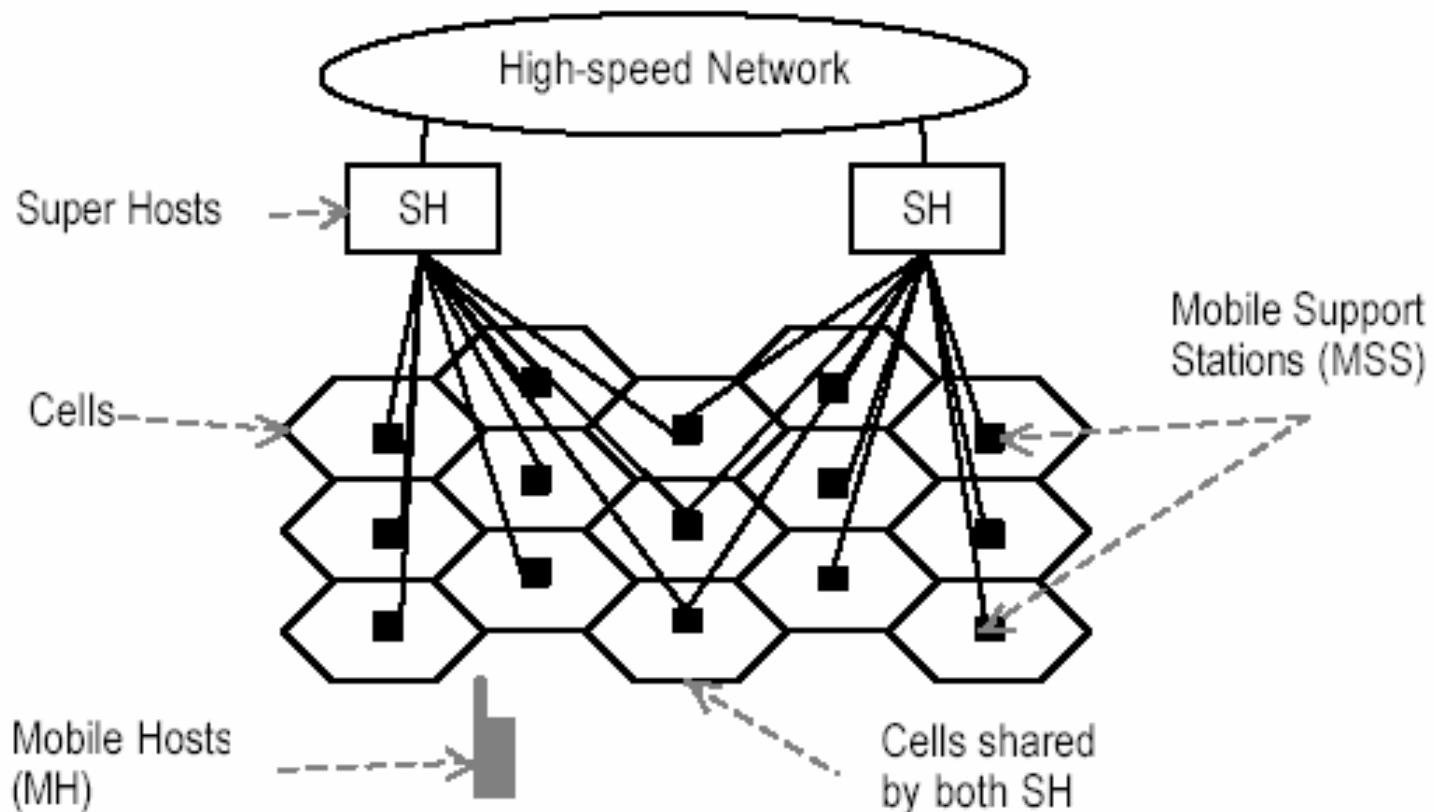
M-TCP protocol characteristics

- Maintain end-to-end semantics of TCP
- Adapt to dynamic bandwidth changes
- Deal with disconnections
- Ensure efficient handoffs

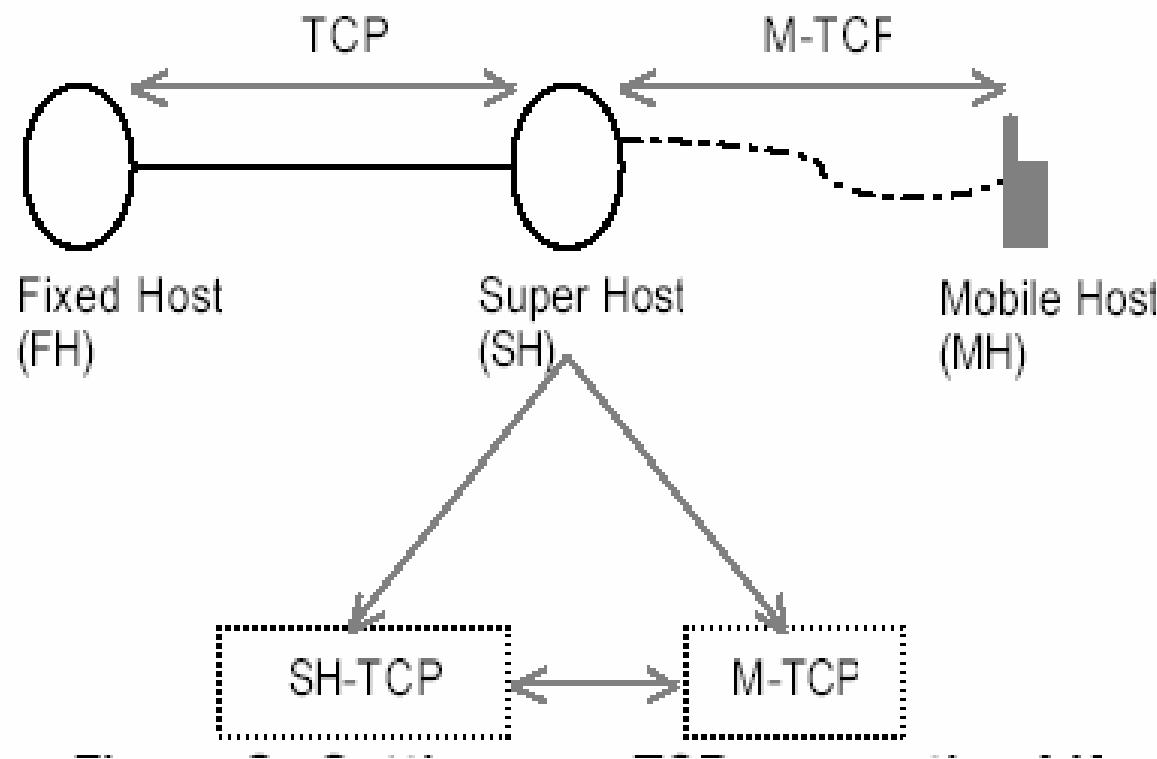
M-TCP mode of operation

- Freezes all timers when disconnections occur
- Monitors wireless link connectivity
- Puts sender (fixed host) into persist mode
- Sets receiver's (mobile host) *cwnd* to zero
- Resumes with previous sender's *cwnd*

Mobile network architecture for M-TCP



M-TCP split connection



M-TCP parameters

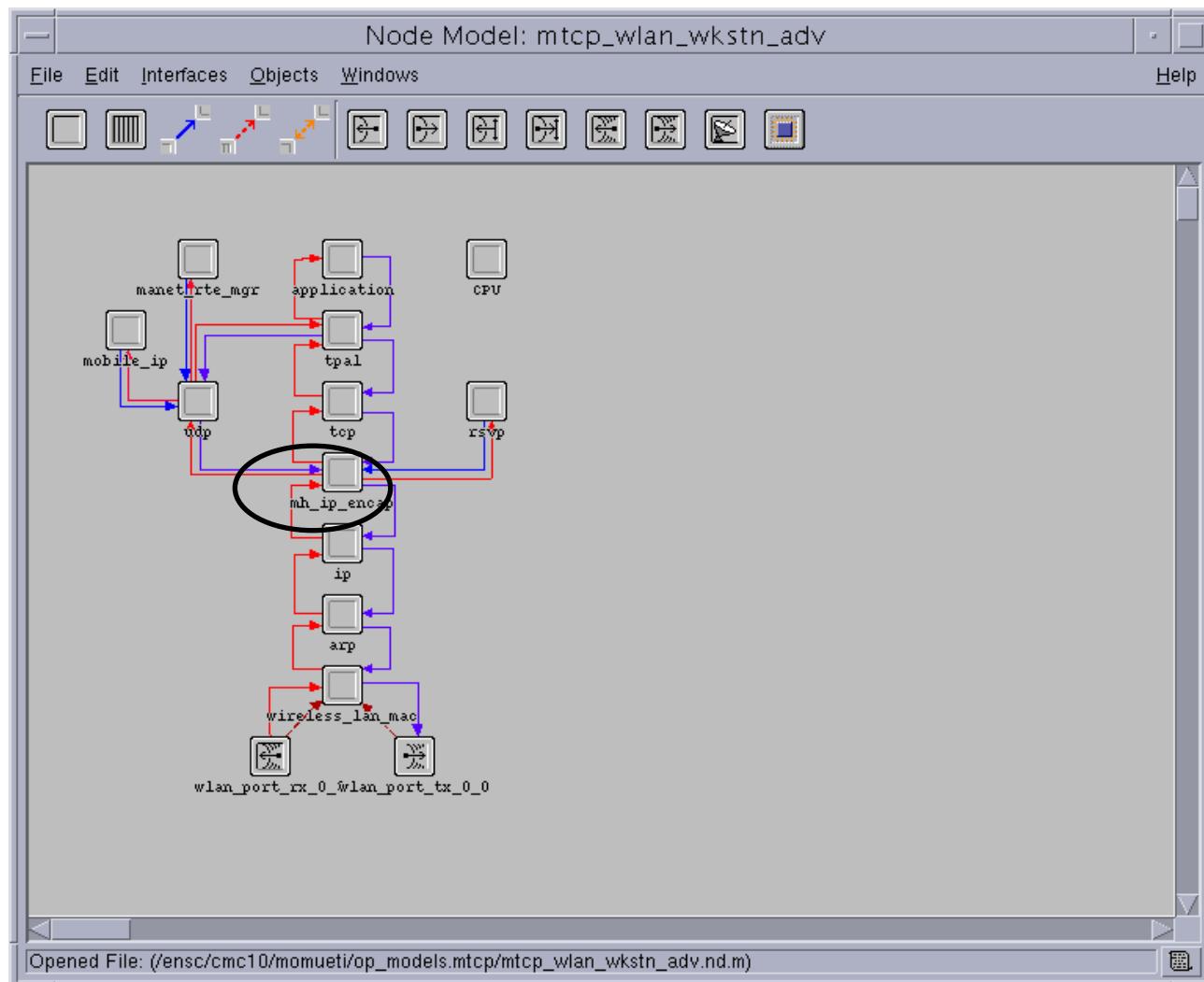
- File size
- Inter-request time and distribution
- Sender Maximum Segment Size (SMSS)
- Note:
 - If the file size is small and auto assigned is selected for the SMSS, then the congestion window would be constant.
 - The explanation for this behavior is that the file is downloaded in so short a time that the congestion window did not need to increase in size.

Application definition

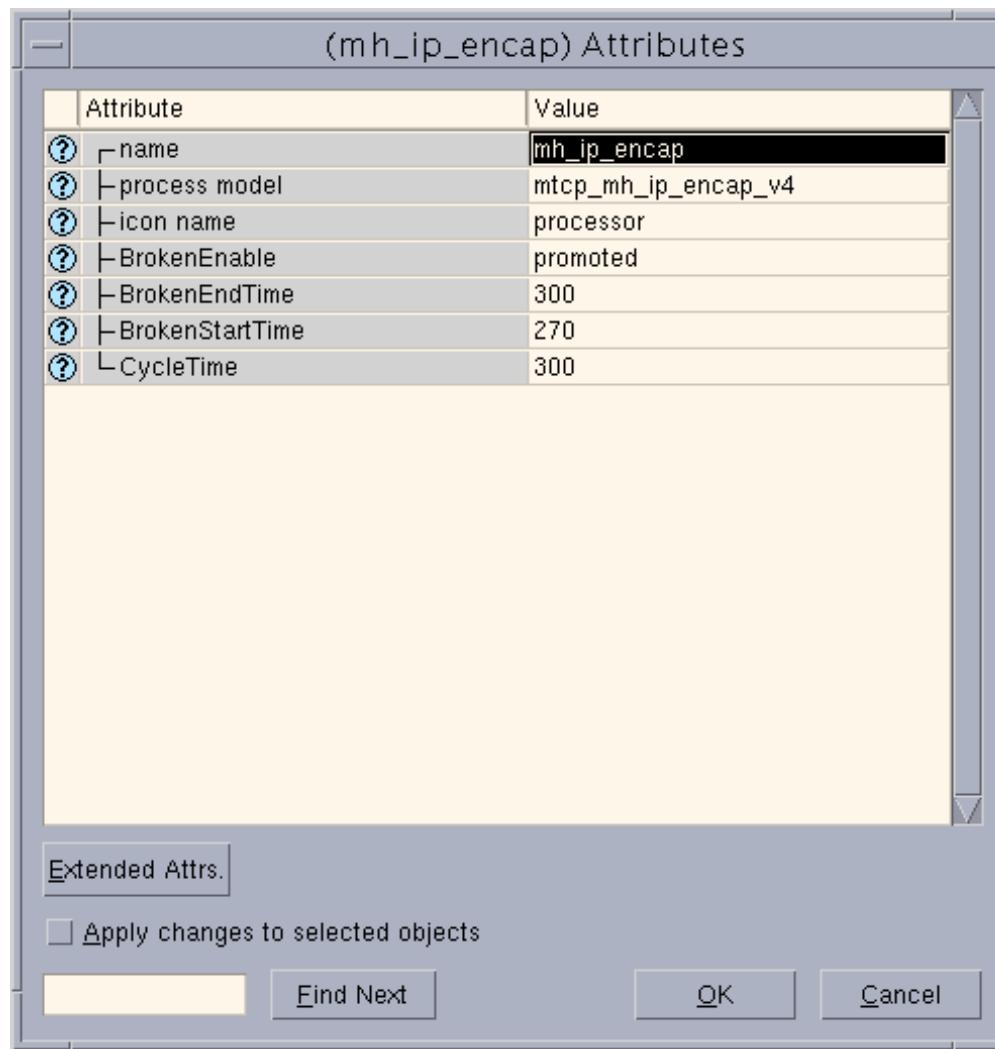
(Ftp) Table	
Attribute	Value
Command Mix (Get/Total)	100%
Inter-Request Time (seconds)	constant (180)
File Size (bytes)	constant (1600000...)
Symbolic Server Name	FTP Server
Type of Service	Best Effort (0)
RSVP Parameters	None
Back-End Custom Application	Not Used

Details Promote OK Cancel

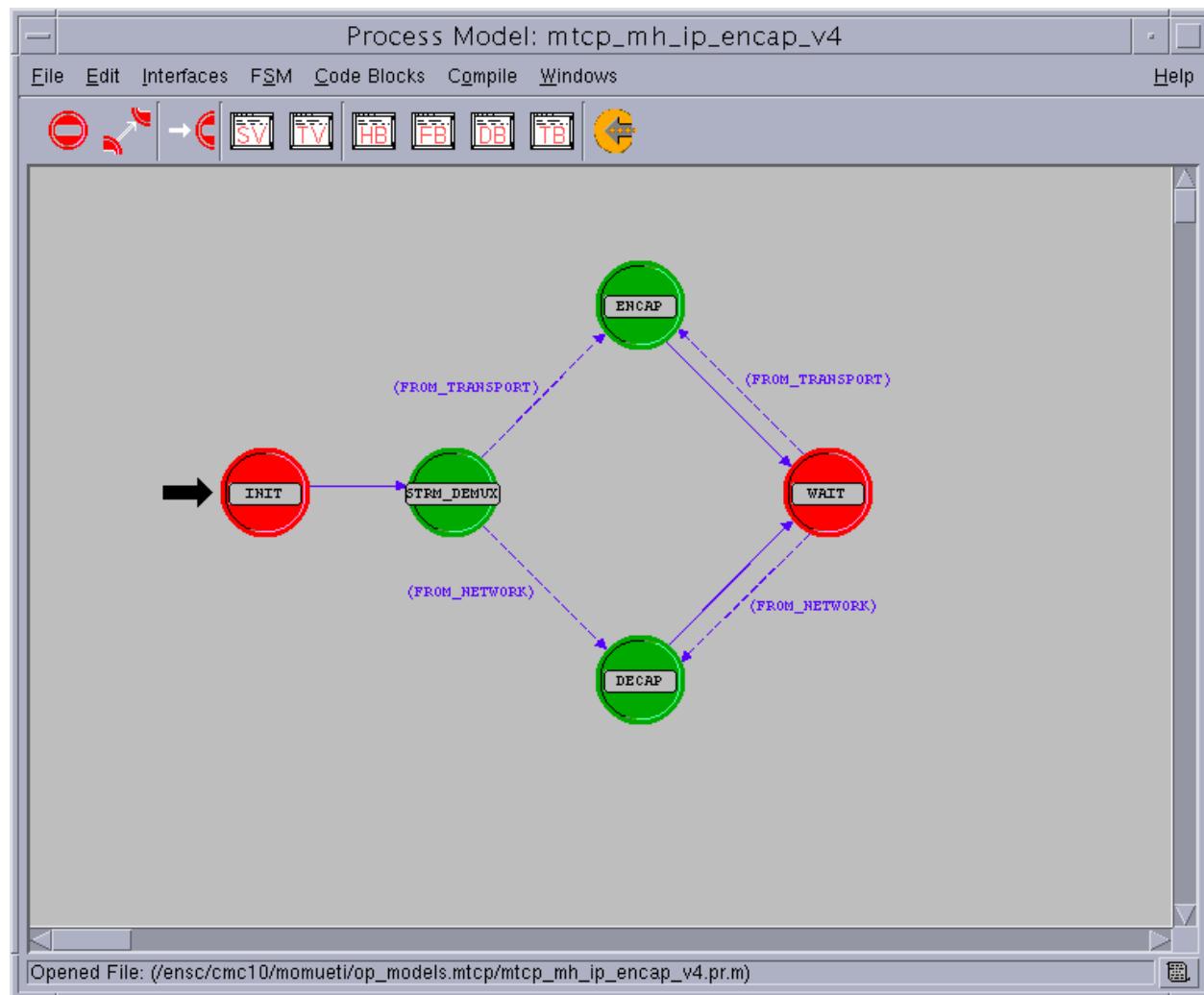
Mobile host node model



Modified ip_encap process attributes



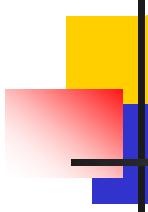
Modified ip_encap process model



Modified ip_encap state variables

mtcp_mh_ip_encap_v4.state variables		
Type	Name	Comments
IpT_Encap_Interface**	interface_table	
int	interface_table_size	
int	instrm_from_network	
int	outstrm_to_network	
int	BrokenEnable	
int	BrokenStartTime	
int	BrokenEndTime	
int	CycleTime	
Boolean	gateway	

Modified ip_encap function block



```
mtcp_mh_ip_encap_v4.function block
File Edit Options
File Edit Options
1  /*************************************************************************/
2  /* Addition to implement MTCP */
3
4  long          cycle;
5
6  int isBroken ()
7  {
8      double t = op_sim_time();
9      long tt = t;
10     cycle = tt%CycleTime;
11
12     if ((cycle>BrokenStartTime) && (cycle<BrokenEndTime ) && (BrokenEnable == 1))
13         return 1;
14     }
15
16 /* Addition ends */
17 /*************************************************************************/
18
19 static int
20 ip_encap_proto_get (int strm_num, int num_iface, IpT_Encap_Interface** interface_table_
21 {
22     int          i;
23
24     /** This function returns the protocol type corresponding to an input stream index.
25     FIN (ip_encap_proto_get (strm_num, num_iface, interface_table_handle))
26     - ... -
```

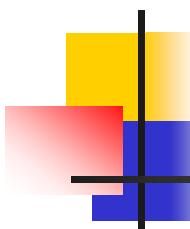


Modified ip_encap init state

```
mtcp_mh_ip_encap_v4 : INIT : Enter Execs
File Edit Options
File Edit Options
9  ****
10 /* Addition to implement the cyclic disconnection mechanism of MTCP */
11 /* Obtain all the attributes of the mtcp_mh_ip_encap process model.
12 /* which are setup parameters of the simulation scenarios.
13 /* BrokenEnable -- determines whether or not a broken link is
14 /* allowed during simulation.
15 /* CycleTime -- determines the time duration of a cycle in which
16 /* a broken link is enabled
17 /* BrokenStartTime -- indicates time to begin broken link status
18 /* BrokenEndTime -- indicates time to end broken link status
19 ****
20
21 if (op_ima_obj_attr_get( op_id_self(), "BrokenEnable", & BrokenEnable) != OPC_COMPCODE_SUCCESS)
22 printf ("Unable to get this attribute BrokenEnable\n");
23 if (op_ima_obj_attr_get( op_id_self(), "BrokenStartTime", & BrokenStartTime) != OPC_COMPCODE_SUCCESS)
24 printf ("Unable to get this attribute BrokenStartTime\n");
25 if (op_ima_obj_attr_get( op_id_self(), "BrokenEndTime", & BrokenEndTime) != OPC_COMPCODE_SUCCESS)
26 printf ("Unable to get this attribute BrokenEndTime\n");
27 if (op_ima_obj_attr_get( op_id_self(), "CycleTime", & CycleTime) != OPC_COMPCODE_SUCCESS)
28 printf ("Unable to get this attribute CycleTime\n");
29 printf ("LinkBroken=%d, StartTime=%d, EndTime=%d, Cycle=%d\n", BrokenEnable, BrokenStartTime, BrokenEndTime, CycleTime);
30 **** Addition Ends ****
31
32
33
34 /* Register using OMS Process Registry. */
35
36 /* Obtain the necessary objids.
   omm_objid = op_id_self(); */

Line: 1
```

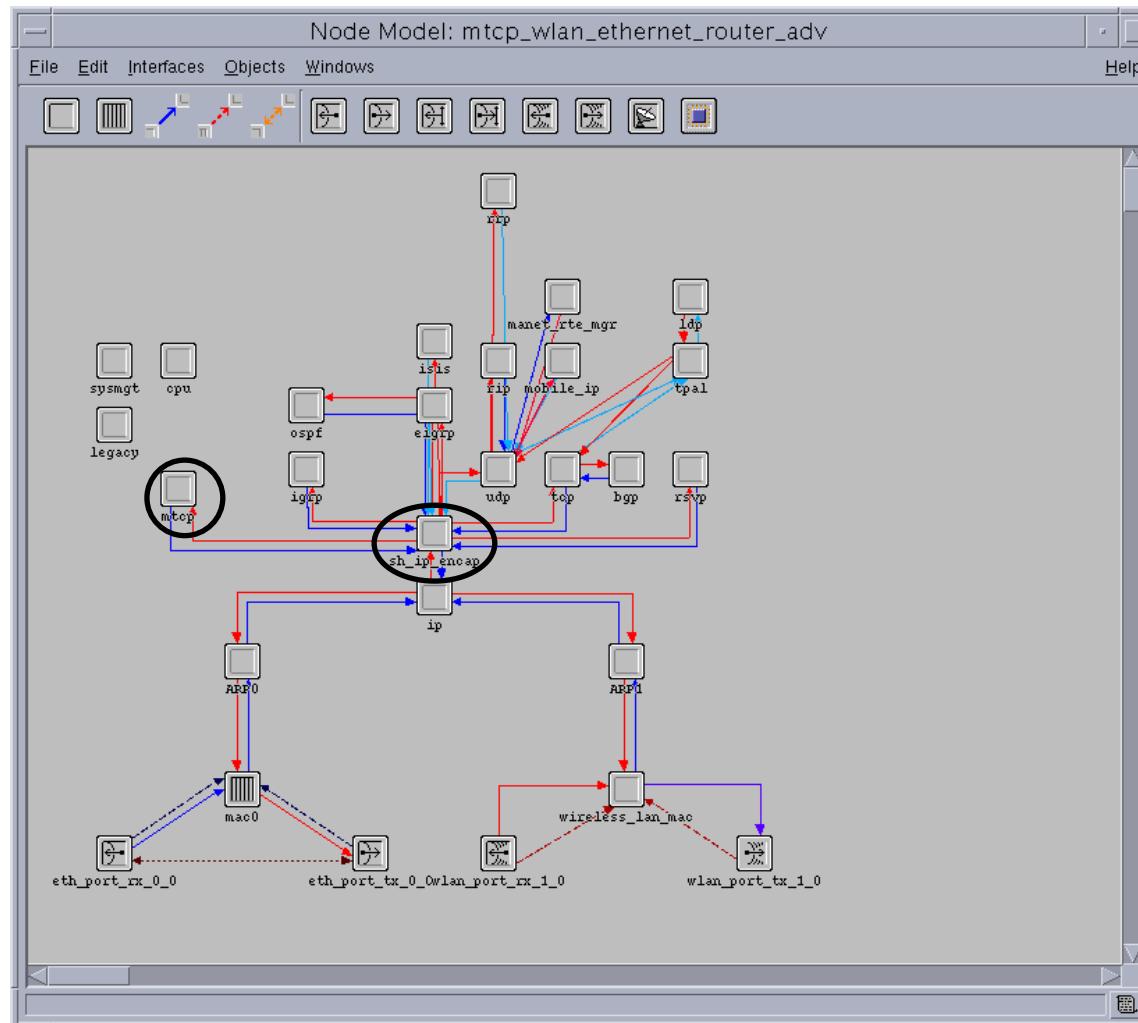
Modified ip_encap decap state



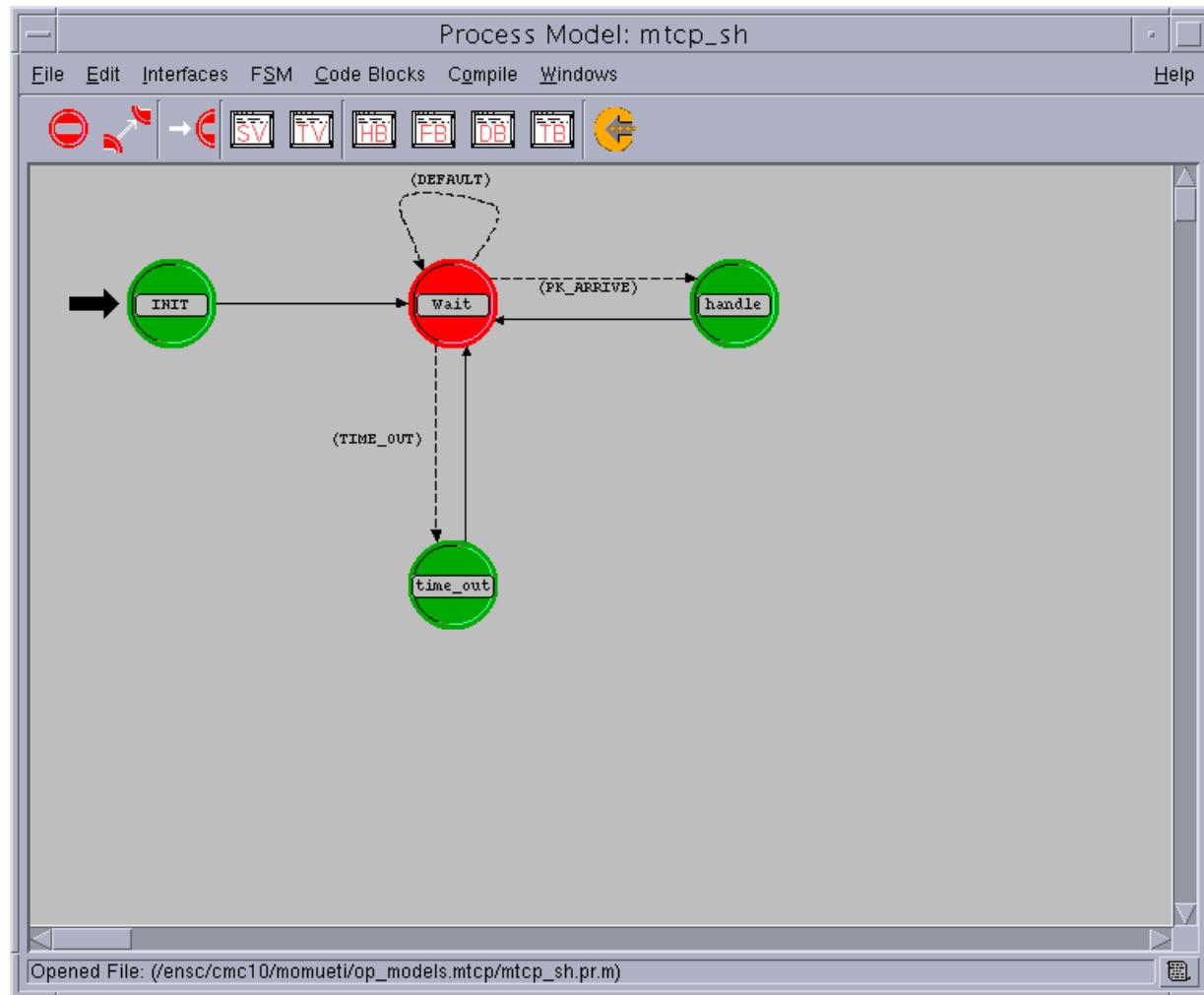
```
mtcp_mh_ip_encap_v4 : DECAP : Enter Execs
File Edit Options
File Edit Options
237     op_ici_attr_set (transp_iciptr, "iface_load",      iface_load);
238     op_ici_attr_set (transp_iciptr, "iface_speed",      iface_speed);
239     op_ici_attr_set (transp_iciptr, "iface_reliability", iface_reliability);
240 }
241
242 /* **** Addition to implement the cyclic disconnection mechanism of MTCP ****/
243 /* Addtion to implement the cyclic disconnection mechanism of MTCP */
244
245 if ( isBroken())
246 {
247     printf ("***** link is broken now.*****");
248
249     /* Discard the IP packet. */
250     op_pk_destroy (ip_pkptr);
251 }
252 else
253
254 /* **** Addition ends ****/
255 {
256     /* Install the ICI and send the packet to the */
257     /* higher layer. */
258     op_ici_install (transp_iciptr);
259     op_pk_send (pkptr, output_strm);
260 }
261
262 }
263
264 }
```

Line: 1

Supervisor host node model



M-TCP process model



M-TCP process header block

mtcp_sh.header block

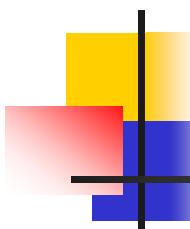
```

1  /* Header Block */
2  #include <opnet.h>
3
4  #include <ip_addr_v4.h>
5  #include <oms_dt.h>
6  #include <tcp_api_v3.h>
7  #include <tcp_v3.h>
8  #include <tcp_support.h>
9  #include <oms_pr.h>
10 #include <oms_lqm.h>
11 #include <oms_tan.h>
12 #include <tcp_seg_sup.h>
13 #include <ip_notify_log_support.h>
14 #include <ip_rte_v4.h>
15 #include <ip_higher_layer_proto_reg_sup.h>
16 #include <ip_qos_support.h>
17
18 static Ici * iciptr;
19 static Packet * pkptr;
20
21 /* Define transition macros */
22
23 #define PK_ARRIVE ( op_intrpt_type() == OPC_INTRPT_STRM )
24 #define TIME_OUT ( (op_intrpt_type() == OPC_INTRPT_REMOTE ) || (op_intrpt_type() ==
25 OPC_INTRPT_SELF) )
26 #define DEFAULT ( (op_intrpt_type() != OPC_INTRPT_STRM) && (op_intrpt_type() !=
27 OPC_INTRPT_REMOTE) && (op_intrpt_type() != OPC_INTRPT_SELF) )
28
29 #define FROM_ENCAP_STRM 0
30 #define TO_ENCAP_STRM 0
31
32 #define FIXED_HOST_ADDR 0xc0000009
33 #define MOBILE_HOST_ADDR 0xc0000101
34
35 static int isInit =0;
36
37 static int fh_data_len;
38
39 static unsigned fixed_host_port ;
40 static unsigned mobile_host_port;
41
42 unsigned fh_last_seq_num;
43 unsigned fh_last_ack_num;
44
45 // the ack from Mobile host, seen by router, which is
46 // ack seen by Fixed host plus 1
47 unsigned mh_last_ack_num;
48 unsigned mh_last_seq_num;
49
50 // shared variables for incoming ip pkt
51 static IpT_Address org_addr;
52 static IpT_Address dest_addr;
53 static int type_of_service;
54 static int protocol_type ;

```

Line: 1

M-TCP process function block



```
mtcp_sh.function block
File Edit Options
File Edit Options
212 if (op_pk_nfd_access (original_pkt, "fields", &tcp_seg_fd_ptr) == OPC_COMPCODE_FAILURE)
213 {
214 printf ("modify MH: Unable to get data from TCP Segment to modify top pkt.\n");
215 }
216 tcp_seg_fd_ptr->ack_num = ack_num;
217 }

220 /////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
221 //
222 // Generate an ACK packet with rcv_wnd=0, this packet is used to force
223 // the sender into persist mode
224 //
225 ///////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
226 static Packet * generate_persist_ACK()
227 {
228 Packet * seg_ptr;
229 TcpT_Seg_Fields * tcp_seg_fd_ptr;
230
231 // duplicate the sample ACK packet
232 seg_ptr = op_pk_copy (sample_MH_pkt);
233
234 // get the top control fields
235 if (op_pk_nfd_access (seg_ptr, "fields", &tcp_seg_fd_ptr) == OPC_COMPCODE_FAILURE)
236 {
237 printf ("Unable to get data from TCP Segment to get persist pkt.\n");
238 }
239
// set the top control fields and make sure rcv_wnd=0
```

M-TCP process function block

mtcp_sh.function block

File Edit Options

```

455 // check to see if the link is broken
456 if ( isBroken() )
457 {
458 // first time in persist mode
459 if ( transMode == 0 )
460 {
461 // this is the flag indicating the transition into persist mode
462 transMode = 1;
463
464 // which cycle do we start the persist mode, cycle refers to brokenBeginCycle and
465 transBeginCycle=cycle;
466
467 // for debug
468 printf( stderr, "send ACK for persist mode at %lf*****\n", op_sim_time() );
469 printf("send ACK for persist mode");ispatch, indicating the */
470 e packet
471     Packet* persist_ACK = generate_persist_ACK();
472
473     // send persist mode packet
474     op_pk_send( myEncap( persist_ACK ), TO_ENCAP_STRM );
475 }
476 else printf("pk not sent for persist mode" );
477 }
478
479 else
480 {
481 // not in persist mode
482 transMode=0;
483 // reduce the ACK number by 1
484 modify_MH_pkt( ip_pkptr, mh_last_ack_num-1 );
485 // send the modified ACK packet to FH
486 op_pk_send(ip_pkptr, TO_ENCAP_STRM );
487 }

```

Line: 1

Some kernel procedures (KPs) used

- Packet processing:
 - Op_pk_get()
 - Op_pk_nfd_set()
 - Op_pk_nfd_get()
 - Op_pk_send()
- Interrupt processing:
 - Op_pk_intrpt_type()
 - Op_pk_intrpt_strm()
 - Op_pk_intrpt_schedule_self()

Some kernel procedures (KPs) used

- Segmentation and reassembly
 - `Op_sar_segbuf_pk_insert()`
- Queues
 - `Op_subq_pk_remove()`



Compiling and debugging

- OPNET debugger
- Print statements
- Error file



Collecting statistics

- Global statistics
- Local statistics



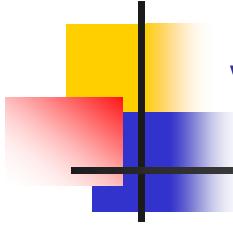
Animation

- Selecting animation



Running scenarios

- Creating a simulation set



Viewing results and animation

- Comparing scenarios
- Playing animation



Cleaning up

- Files that could be deleted to get more space:
 - .ah
 - .ov
 - temporary files
 - backup files
 - Error files

References

- E. Seurre, P. Savelli, and P. Pietri, *GPRS for Mobile Internet*. Norwood, MA: Artech House, 2003 .
- 3rd Generation Partnership Project, TS 04.60 version 7.9.0 General Packet Radio Service (GPRS) Radio Link Control/Medium Access Control (RLC/MAC) layer specification.
- K. Brown and S. Singh, "M-TCP: TCP for mobile cellular networks," *ACM SIGCOMM Computer Communication Review*, vol. 27, no. 5, pp. 19-42, Oct. 1997.
- W. G. Zeng, M. Zhan, Z. Li, and Lj. Trajkovic, ``Performance evaluation of M-TCP over wireless links with periodic disconnections," *OPNETWORK 2003*, Washington, DC, Aug. 2003.
- OPNET documentation V.11.0.A, OPNET Technologies, Inc., Bethesda, MD, 2004.